## Accurate modeling of the fracture of plates using the phase-field method

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Since the last decade, the phase-field method has been increasingly developed [1]. This is due mainly to its good performance in capturing localized plasticity and damage in mechanical structures. The nonlocal nature of the phase-field method [2, 4, 5] is a key to its success in analyzing the damage and fracture propagation without dependency on the mesh size.

This work proposes a new numerical technique based on a strong coupling of damage and kinematics variables for the damage analysis of thin shell structures. To this purpose, the 4-node MITC4 shell element has been developed. It uses (three kinematics variables per node six translations and three rotations) and one extra degree of freedom representing the damage. The developed approach is based on the variational phase-field method proposed by Ambrosio and Tortorelli [3] and adapted to brittle fracture [2]. The condition of damage irreversibility was forced at each step using the penalty technique, not only for its simplicity but also for its effectiveness because it does not increase the size of the problem. The proposed technique has shown to be effective in solving several numerical applications involving thin and thick shell structures, including transverse shear with and without initial cracks. The results were compared to those from the literature using other numerical techniques such as XFEM and the Peridynamics, as well as some experimental results.

## References

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