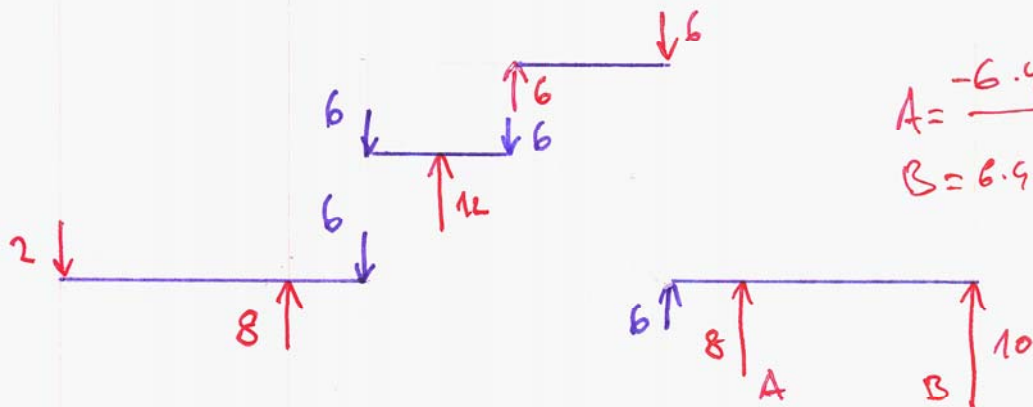
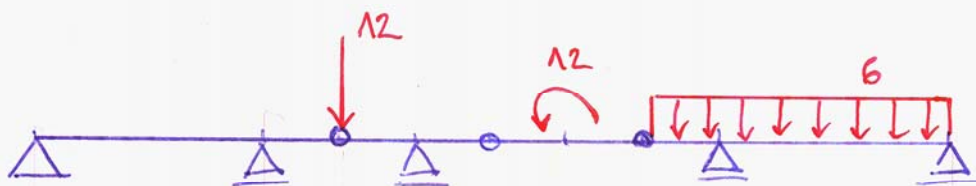


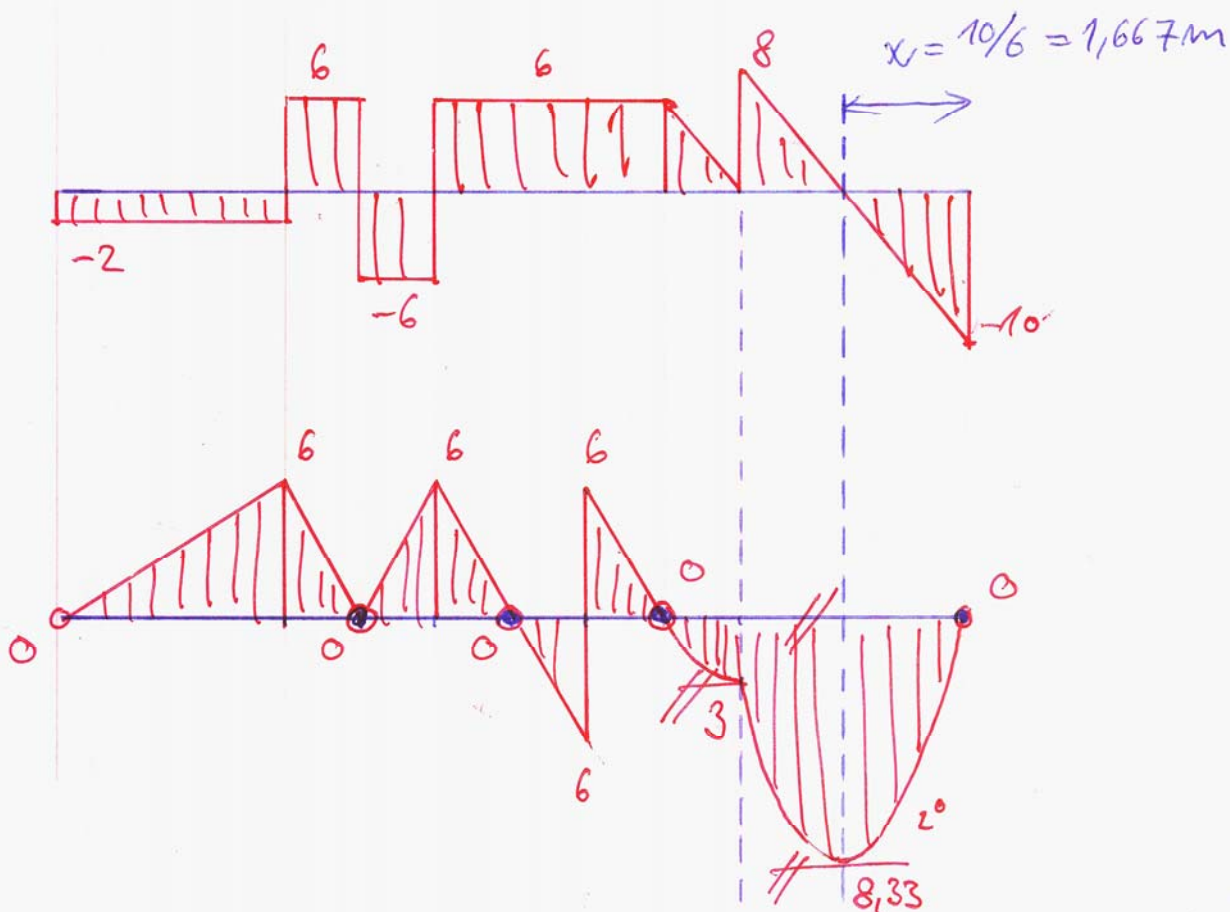
Předpříklad

Vše [kN]; [kNm]



$$A = \frac{-6 \cdot 4 + 6 \cdot 4 \cdot 2}{3} = 8$$

$$B = 6 \cdot 4 - 6 - 8 = 10$$



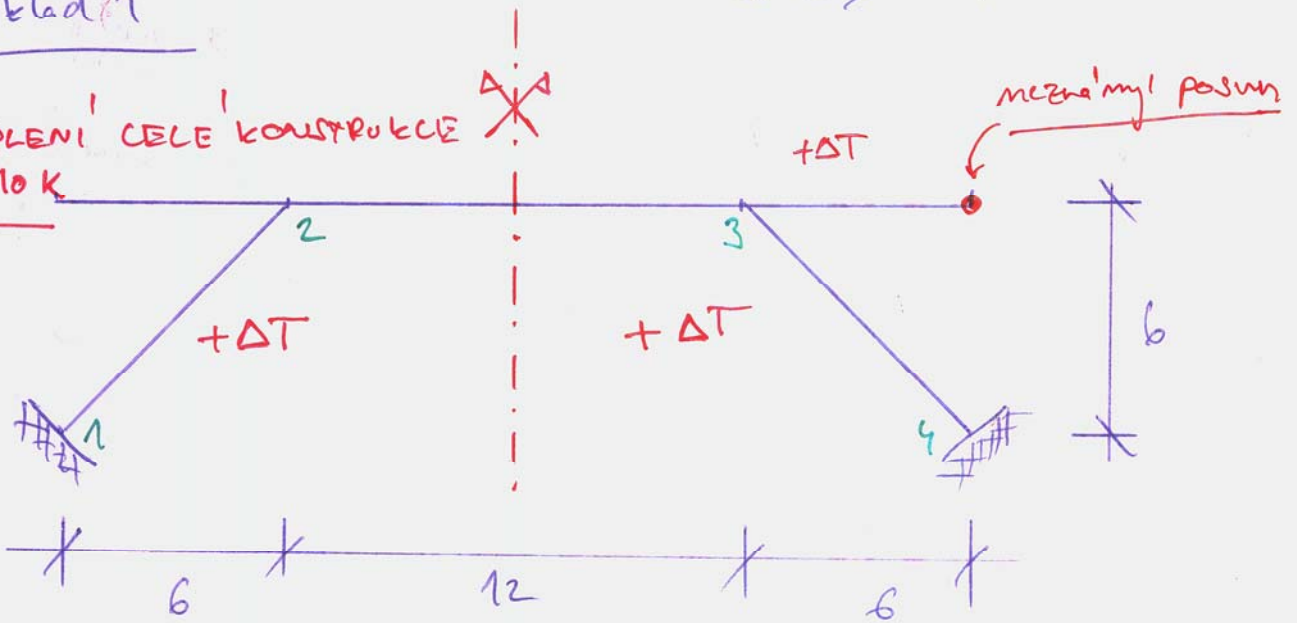
$$M_{max} = 10 \cdot 1,667 - \frac{6 \cdot 1,667^2}{2} = 8,333 \text{ kNm}$$

# Příklad 1

S073, cv 7, str. 2

OTEPLENÍ CELE KONSTRUKCE

$0 + 10 \text{ K}$



Prostřed:  $1000 \times 800 \text{ mm}$   $I = 0,04267 \text{ m}^4$   
 $E = 30 \text{ GPa}$   $EI = 1,28 \text{ GNm}^2$   
 $\alpha_T = 12 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ K}^{-1}$   $EA = 24 \text{ GN}$

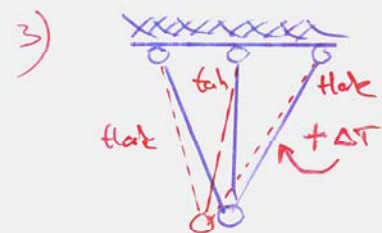
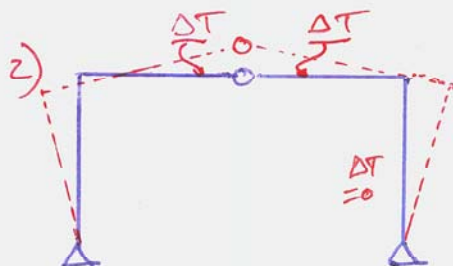
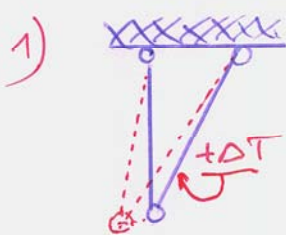
## ODBOČKA

- 1) Staticky určit přihrádce konstrukce při oteplení střednice o  $\Delta T$  → vznikají posuny →  $\phi$  osové síly způsobené oteplením
- 2) Staticky určit konstrukce — II —

Staticky neurčit konstrukce

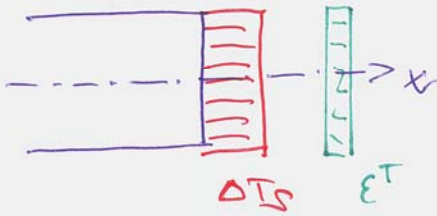
přihrádce → kombinace posunů i osových sil (jen NORMÁLOVÉ SÍLY) — záleží na tuhosti  $EA$

rámové → kombinace posunů, natočení, osových sil, posouvajících sil, momentů, uhlí  $EA, EI$

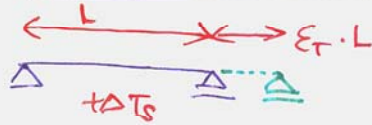


Vlna teploty

oproti tomu: rovnoměrni' oteplení' střednice o  $\Delta T_s$



Statically uvolněná;

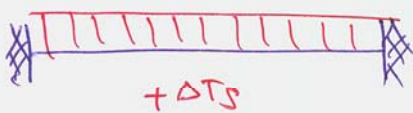


$$\epsilon = \epsilon_T = \alpha \Delta T_s$$

$$\sigma_x = 0; N = 0$$

Statically neutřené konstrukce

$$N = -EA\alpha\Delta T$$

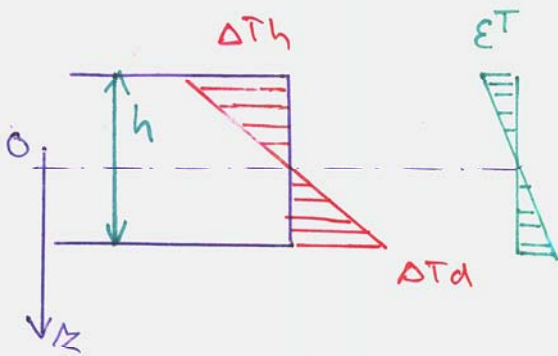


$$\epsilon = 0 = \epsilon^f + \epsilon^T$$

$$\Rightarrow \epsilon^f = -\alpha\Delta T = \frac{\sigma}{E}$$

$$N = \sigma \cdot A = -EA\alpha\Delta T$$

nerovnoměrni' oteplení' konstrukce

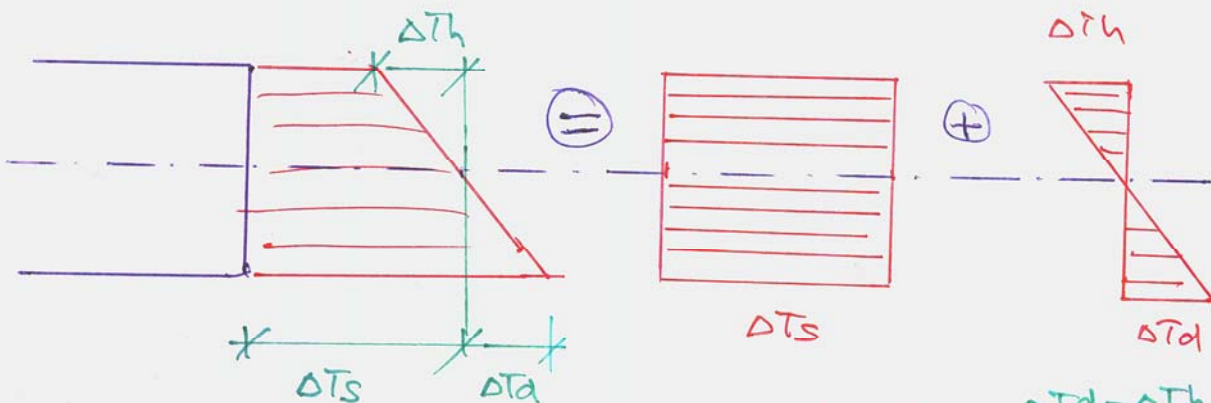


popis pole teploty:  $\Delta T(z) = \frac{\Delta T_d - \Delta T_h}{h} \cdot z$

deformace:

$$\epsilon^T(z) = \alpha_T \Delta T(z) = \alpha_T \cdot z \cdot \frac{\Delta T_d - \Delta T_h}{h}$$

obecní' oteplení' konstrukce



$$\Delta T(z) = \Delta T_s + \frac{\Delta T_d - \Delta T_h}{h} \cdot z$$



Celkové deformace

$$\epsilon = \epsilon^T + \epsilon^k = \alpha \Delta T_s + \underbrace{\frac{\Delta T d - \Delta T h}{h}}_{\alpha^T} \cdot z + \frac{N}{EA} + \frac{M \cdot z}{EI}$$

o normálové, oboje účinný

o ohybové, momentové účinný

$$N_x(x) = \int_A \sigma_x(x, z) dy dz = EA [\epsilon_s(x) - \epsilon_s^T]$$

$$M_y(x) = \int_A z \sigma_x(x, z) dy dz = EI [\chi(x) - \chi^T]$$

$$\epsilon_s = \epsilon^k + \epsilon^T$$

$$\chi = \chi^k + \chi^T$$

Příklad



$$\alpha^T = \frac{\Delta T d - \Delta T h}{h} \cdot z = \text{konst}$$

$$\alpha = \alpha^k + \alpha^T = 0 + \alpha^T$$

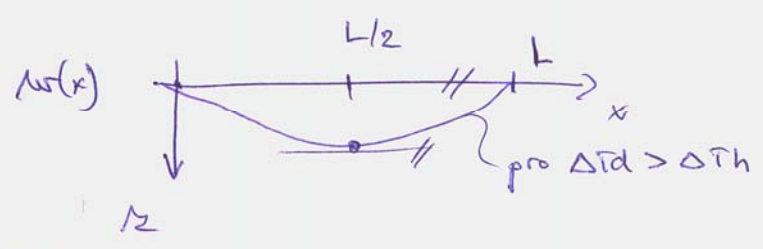
$$w'''' = -\alpha$$

$$w''' = -\alpha^T x + C_1$$

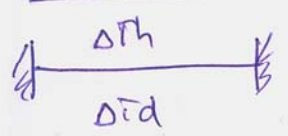
$$w'' = -\frac{\alpha^T x^2}{2} + C_1 x + C_2 \quad w(0) = 0 \Rightarrow C_2 = 0$$

$$w(L) = 0 \Rightarrow C_1 = \frac{\alpha^T L}{2}$$

$$w = -\frac{\alpha^T x^3}{6} + \frac{\alpha^T L}{2} x$$



Příklad



$$w(0) = 0 = w(L)$$

$$w'(0) = 0 = w'(L)$$

$$w'''' = -\alpha = -(\alpha^k + \alpha^T)$$

$$w''' = -x(\alpha^k + \alpha^T) + C_1 \xrightarrow{0}$$

$$w'' = -\frac{x^2}{2}(\alpha^k + \alpha^T) + C_1 x \xrightarrow{0}$$

$$w(L) = 0 \Rightarrow -\alpha^T = \alpha^k(L)$$

$$\frac{\Delta T d - \Delta T h}{h} \cdot \alpha^T = -\frac{\pi}{EI}$$

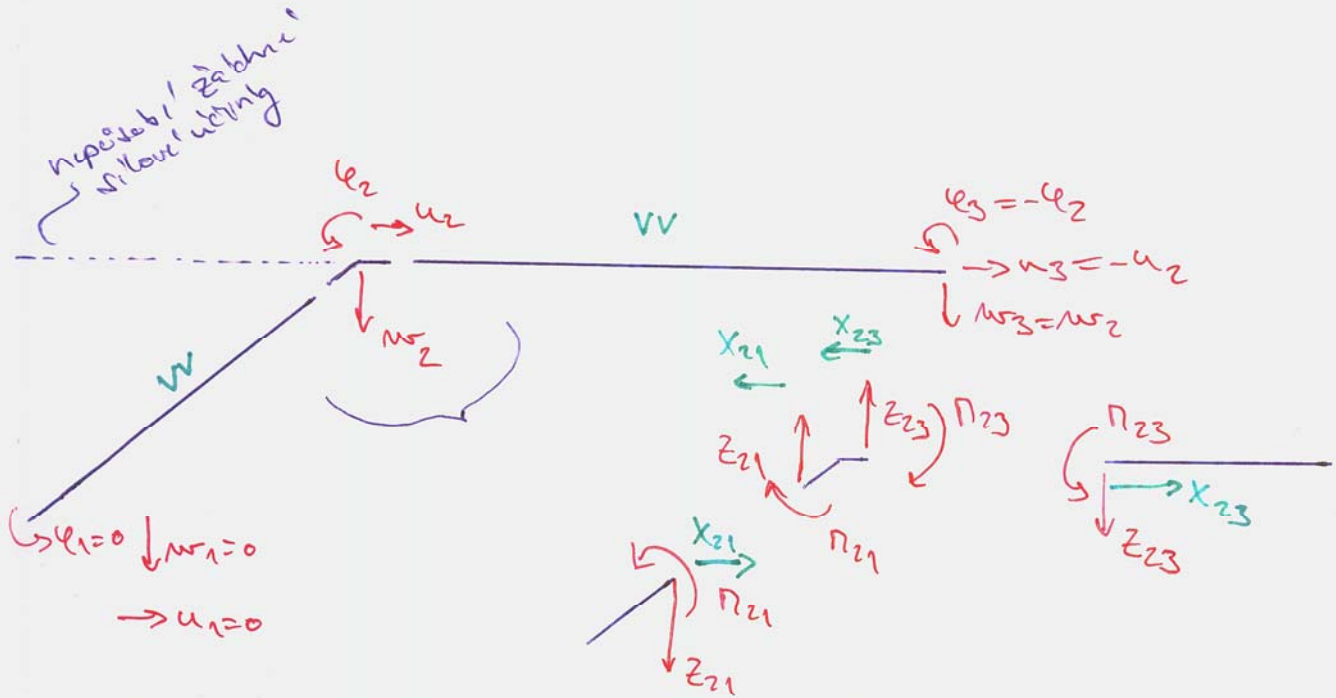
$$\Rightarrow \pi = -\frac{EI \alpha^T (\Delta T d - \Delta T h)}{h}$$



$$\pi(x) = \frac{EI \alpha^T (\Delta T d - \Delta T h)}{h}$$

Petračović Pr. 1

Symetrie  $\Rightarrow \varphi_2 = -\varphi_3; w_2 = w_3; u_2 = -u_3$



Seštevně podmínky rovnováhy symetrické 2:

$\uparrow: Z_{21} + Z_{23} = 0$   
 $\rightarrow: X_{21} + X_{23} = 0$   
 $\square: N_{21} + N_{23} = 0$

1) Prut 2-3: koncové momenty a síly

$$M_{23} = \bar{M}_{23} + k \left( 2 \cdot \varphi_2 + \varphi_3 + \frac{3(w_3 - w_2)}{L_{23}} \right) = 213,33 \cdot (\varphi_2) = 2\varphi_2 - \varphi_2$$

$$\bar{M}_{23} = \bar{M}_{23} + \bar{N}_{23} = 0 \quad k = \frac{2EI}{L_{23}} = \frac{2 \cdot 1280}{12} = 213,33 \text{ MN/m}$$

$$Z_{23} = \bar{Z}_{23} - \frac{3k}{L_{23}} \left( \varphi_2 + \varphi_3 + \frac{2(w_3 - w_2)}{L} \right) = 0$$

$$X_{23} = \bar{X}_{23} - n_{23} (u_3 - u_2) = 2880 - 2000 (-2u_2) = 2880 + 4000 u_2$$

$$n_{23} = \frac{EA}{L_{23}} = \frac{24000}{12} = 2000 \text{ MN/m} \quad \bar{X}_{23} = EA \alpha_T \Delta T_S = 24000 \cdot 12 \cdot 10^{-6} \cdot 10 = 2,88 \text{ MN}$$

2) Prut 1-2 - koncové síly a momenty - 1) Lokální

$$\boxed{M_{21}} = \bar{M}_{21} + k_{12} (e_1 + 2e_2 + \frac{3(w_2 - w_1)}{L_{12}}) = \boxed{301,7 \cdot (2e_2 + \frac{3w_2}{\sqrt{2} \cdot 6})}$$

$$k_{12} = \frac{2EI}{L_{12}} = \frac{2 \cdot 1280}{\sqrt{2} \cdot 6} = 301,7 \text{ MN/m}$$

$$\boxed{Z_{21}^l} = \bar{Z}_{21}^l + \frac{3k_{12}}{L_{12}} (e_1 + e_2 + 2 \frac{w_2^l - w_1^l}{L_{12}}) = \frac{3 \cdot 301,7}{\sqrt{2} \cdot 6} (0 + e_2 + \frac{2w_2^l}{\sqrt{2} \cdot 6}) =$$

$$= \boxed{106,67e_2 + 25,1417w_2^l}$$

$$X_{21}^l = -l + u_{12}(u_2^l - u_1^l)$$

$$n_{12} = \frac{EA}{L_{12}} = \frac{24000}{8,485} = 2828,43 \text{ MN/m}$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\bar{X}_{21}^l = -EA \alpha_T \Delta T_S = -2,88 \text{ MN}$$

$$\boxed{X_{21}^l = -2880 + 2828,43 u_2^l}$$

2) TRANSFORMACE

o SÍLY

$$X_{21} = X_{21}^l \cos \alpha - Z_{21}^l \sin \alpha$$

$$Z_{21} = X_{21}^l \sin \alpha + Z_{21}^l \cos \alpha$$

$$M_{21} = M_{21}^l$$

$$\parallel \alpha = -45^\circ$$

$$\cos(-45^\circ) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\sin(-45^\circ) = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

o POSUNY

$$u_2^l = u_2 \cos \alpha + w_2 \sin \alpha$$

$$w_2^l = -u_2 \sin \alpha + w_2 \cos \alpha$$



$$\textcircled{a} X_{21} = X_{21}^l \cos \alpha - Z_{21}^l \sin \alpha$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \uparrow \\ -2880 + 2828,43 u_2^l \\ \uparrow \\ u_2 \cos \alpha + w_2 \sin \alpha \\ \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} u_2 - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} w_2 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \nwarrow 106,67 \varphi_2 + 25,1417 w_2^l \\ \uparrow \\ -u_2 \sin \alpha + w_2 \cos \alpha \\ \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} u_2 + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} w_2 \end{array}$$

$$X_{21} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \left[ -2880 + 2828,43 \left( \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} u_2 - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} w_2 \right) + 106,67 \varphi_2 + 25,1417 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} (u_2 + w_2) \right]$$

$$X_{21} = -2036,47 + 1414,22 (u_2 - w_2) + 75,427 \varphi_2 + 12,57 (u_2 + w_2) =$$

$$X_{21} = \boxed{-2036,47} + 1426,79 u_2 = 1401,64 w_2 + 75,427 \varphi_2$$

$$\textcircled{b} Z_{21} = X_{21}^l \sin \alpha + Z_{21}^l \cos \alpha =$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \left[ +2880 - 2828,43 \left( \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} u_2 - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} w_2 \right) + 106,67 \varphi_2 + 25,1417 \left( \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} u_2 + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} w_2 \right) \right] =$$

$$Z_{21} = \boxed{+2036,47} - 1401,64 u_2 + 1426,79 w_2 + 75,427 \varphi_2$$

$$\textcircled{c} \Pi_{21} = \bar{\Pi}_{21} + Z_{12} \left( \varphi_1 + 2\varphi_2 + \frac{3(w_2 - w_1)}{L_{12}} \right) = 201,7 \left( 2\varphi_2 + \frac{3w_2^l}{\sqrt{2} \cdot 6} \right) =$$

$$= 603,4 \varphi_2 + 75,4271 u_2 + 75,4271 w_2$$

Roavnica rovnováhy:

$$\uparrow: Z_{21} + Z_{23} = 0$$

$$+75,427 \varphi_2$$

$$2036,47 - 1401,69 u_2 + 1426,79 w_2 + 75,427 \varphi_2 = 0$$

$$\rightarrow: X_{23} + X_{21} = 0$$

$$2880 + 4000 u_2 + 2036,47 + 1426,79 u_2 - 1401,69 w_2 + 75,427 \varphi_2$$

$$\downarrow: M_{21} + M_{23} = 0$$

$$603,4 \varphi_2 + 75,427 u_2 + 75,423 w_2 + 213,33 \varphi_2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{řešení! } \varphi_2 = 0,26345 \text{ mrad } u_2 = -0,712 \text{ mm } w_2 = -2,141 \text{ mm}$$

$$M_{21} = -56,202 \text{ kNm}$$

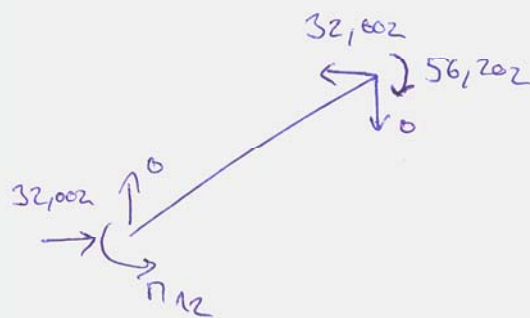
$$M_{23} = 56,202 \text{ kNm}$$

$$Z_{21} = \emptyset \text{ kN}$$

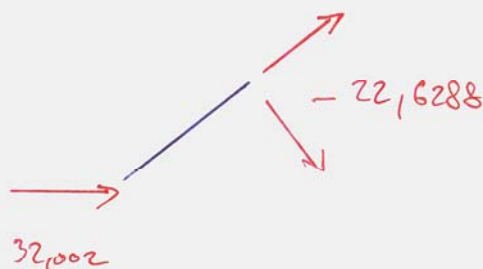
$$Z_{23} = \emptyset \text{ kN}$$

$$X_{21} = -32,002 \text{ kN}$$

$$X_{23} = 32,002 \text{ kN}$$

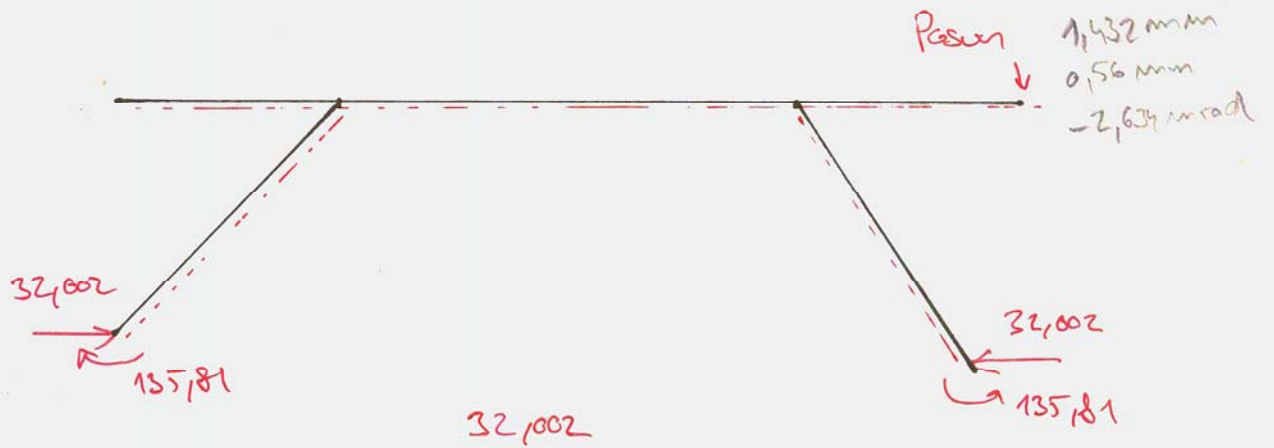


$$M_{12} = 56,202 - 32,002 \cdot 6 = -135,81 \text{ kNm}$$

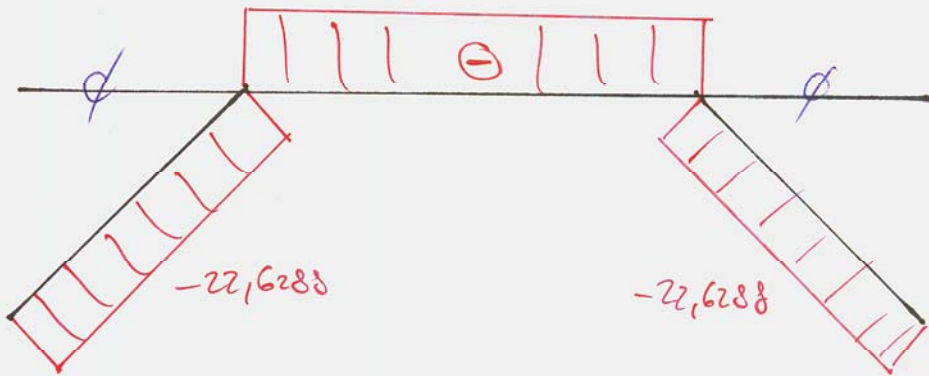




Začištění, reza



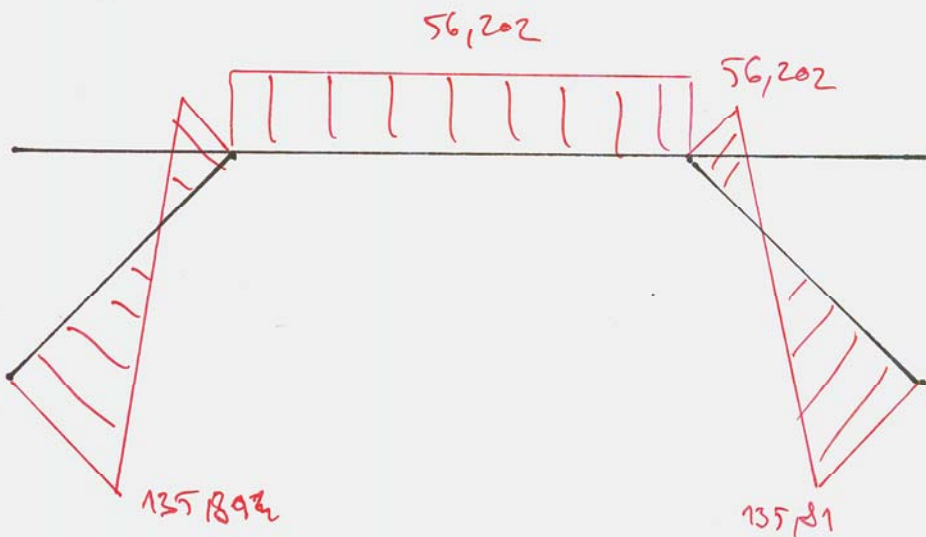
$N [kN]$



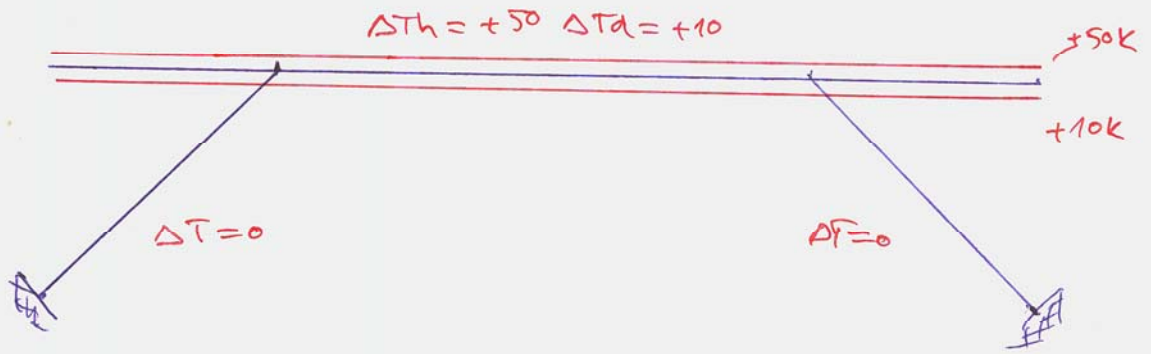
$V [kN]$



$M [kNm]$



Príklad 2



→  $\Delta T_s = +30k$

$\Delta T_h = +20k$

$\Delta T_d = -20k$

Práchniny rovnováhy - viz. prí. 1

1) Prút 2-3: koncové momenty a síly

Čerpané prúto' hodnoty =  $\bar{P} \cdot 1$

$M_{23} = \bar{M}_{23} + 213,33 \varphi_2 = -768 + 213,33 \varphi_2$

$\bar{M}_{23} = \frac{EI}{h} \times \Delta t \quad \Delta t = \Delta T_d - \Delta T_h = -40k$

$\bar{M}_{23} = \frac{1280}{0,8} \cdot 12 \cdot 10^{-6} \cdot (-40) = -0,768 MNm = -768 kNm$

$Z_{23} = 0 \quad \text{Proc?}$

$X_{23} = 4000 u_2 + \bar{X}_{23} = 4000 u_2 + 8640$

$\bar{X}_{23} = EA \times \Delta T = 24 \cdot 10^6 \cdot 12 \cdot 10^{-6} \cdot 30 = 8640 kN$

2) Prút 1-2

$M_{21} = 603,4 \varphi_2 + 75,427 u_2 + 75,427 w_2$

(IDENTICKÉ!)

$Z_{21}^l = 106,67 \varphi_2 + 25,1417 w_2^l$

$X_{21}^l = 2828,43 u_2^l$

$X_{21} = 1426,73 u_2 - 1401,64 w_2 + 75,427 \varphi_2$

$Z_{21} = -1401,64 u_2 + 1426,73 w_2 + 75,427 \varphi_2$

} BEZ OSOVIČH SIL OD OTEPLENI!

Vij's Gealty:  $\varphi_2 = 1,3466 \text{ mrad}$

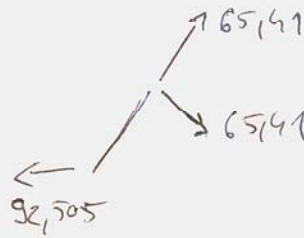
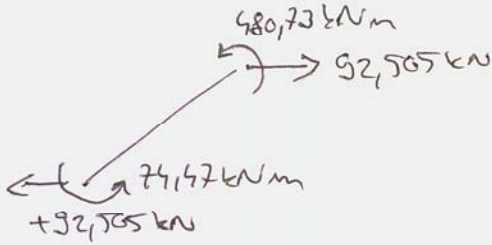
$u_2 = -2,1831 \text{ mm}$

$w_2 = -2,2158 \text{ mm}$

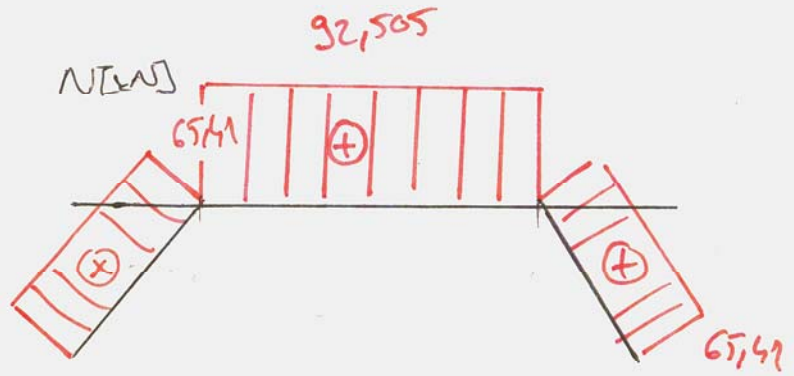
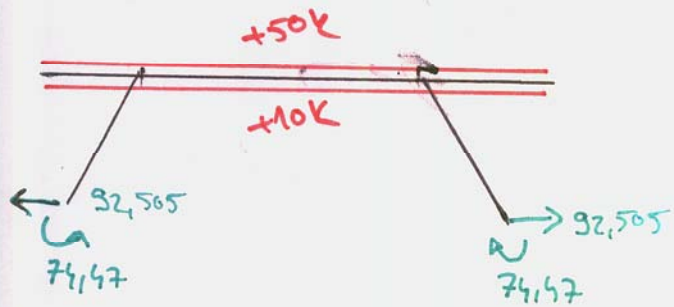
$M_{21} = 480,73 \text{ kNm}$        $M_{23} = -480,73 \text{ kNm}$

$Z_{21} = 0 \text{ kN}$        $Z_{23} = 0 \text{ kN}$

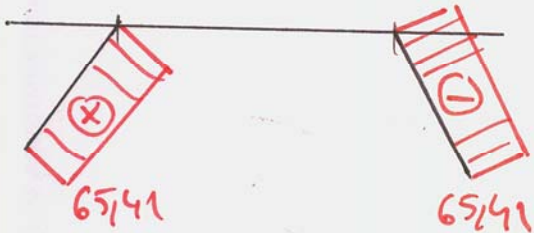
$X_{21} = 92,505 \text{ kN}$        $X_{23} = -92,505 \text{ kN}$        $M_{12} = 74,47 \text{ kNm}$



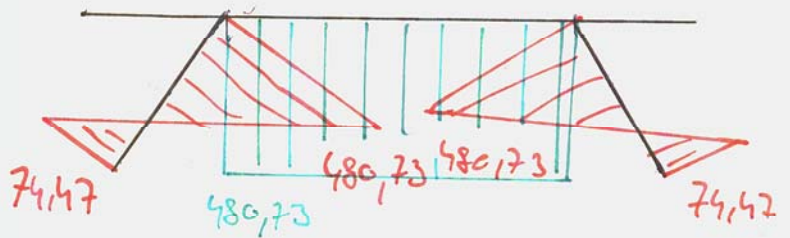
Reakce



V [kN]



M [kNm]





Tvor zdeformovane konstrukce:

